

**SourcePoint**
DOORS & WINDOWS

FORGE COLLECTION · WROUGHT IRON DOORS

CHATEAU COLLECTION · STEEL FRENCH DOORS AND WINDOWS

Forge iron and Chateau steel door installation instructions

Swing entry doors, single and double

Document SPFRG-INS-001 · Revision Oct 2026



Cover illustration. Line illustration, exterior elevations side by side: a Forge Collection double door (six lites over a raised bottom panel per leaf) and a Chateau Collection double door (slim steel profile, three lites per leaf, with a solid hardware plate at the lock stile in the middle row carrying the double bore). Labeled "Forge Collection" and "Chateau Collection." No product photography.

Read this first

These instructions cover single and double inswing entry doors from two Collections: the Forge Collection (wrought iron) and the Chateau Collection (steel). They include arched-top units and units with a transom built into the frame (Chateau Collection transoms are special order). Pivot doors and interior doors have their own instructions.

The two Collections install the same way. Where a step is different for the Chateau Collection, it is marked **Chateau Collection**.

What's different between the Collections

	Forge Collection	Chateau Collection
Material	Wrought iron	12-gauge cold rolled steel
Glass	Fixed glass. Operable glass panels with screens on select models (section 9).	Fixed glass on every door. Skip section 9.
Arched tops and transoms	Arched-top units and units with a transom built into the frame	Arched-top units. Transoms are special order.
Item code prefix	SPFRG	SPCHT
Touch-up paint	In the crate: oil-rubbed bronze or matte black, to match the finish	In the crate: oil-rubbed bronze or matte black, to match the finish
Warranty and care guide	Forge Collection warranty; Forge Collection care and finish guide	Chateau Collection warranty; Chateau Collection care and finish guide

Everything else is the same for both Collections: a welded frame with the threshold in place, leaves shipped separately, through-jamb anchoring, hinges greased through a fitting, a 2 3/4" backset with a double bore, and the same flashing and sealing steps.

- Read every step before you start.
- Project drawings, project engineering, and local building codes take precedence over these instructions.
- These doors are heavy. Plan on at least two installers per leaf, and three or lifting equipment for large leaves and for setting the frame. A 60" × 80" double unit weighs about 500 lb; a 60" × 92" unit, about 600 lb.
- Installation should be done by a professional installer experienced with iron or steel entry doors, structural fastening, and flashing.
- Questions before or during installation: contact your SourcePoint dealer.

Safety

- Wear safety glasses, cut-resistant gloves, and safety-toe boots. Wear long sleeves when handling iron, steel, and glass, and hearing protection when drilling or grinding.
- Never leave a frame, leaf, or glass panel standing unsupported.
- Keep fingers clear of the hinges when lowering a leaf.
- Use fall protection where required.

1 Tools and materials

Tools



Two installers
minimum



Tape measure



Level, 72" or
longer



Laser level or
plumb bob



Framing square
and straightedge



Drill/driver and
impact driver



Drill bits for the
anchor pilot holes



Sockets,
wrenches,
screwdrivers, hex
keys



Grease gun with a
Zerk coupler



Caulk gun



Pry bar and utility
knife



Rubber mallet



Shop vacuum or
magnet for metal
shavings



Ladder or step
stool



Padded blocks and
moving blankets



Glass suction cups
(Forge Collection
operable glass)



Lifting equipment
for large units

Materials, supplied by the installer



Structural anchors
for the wall type
(section 6)



Composite shims,
non-compressible



Sill pan



Self-adhered
flashing membrane



Exterior-rated
100% silicone
sealant and backer
rod



Low-expansion
window and door
foam



Lithium-based
multi-purpose or
white lithium
grease



Painter's tape



Mild soap and soft
cloths

2 What's in the shipment

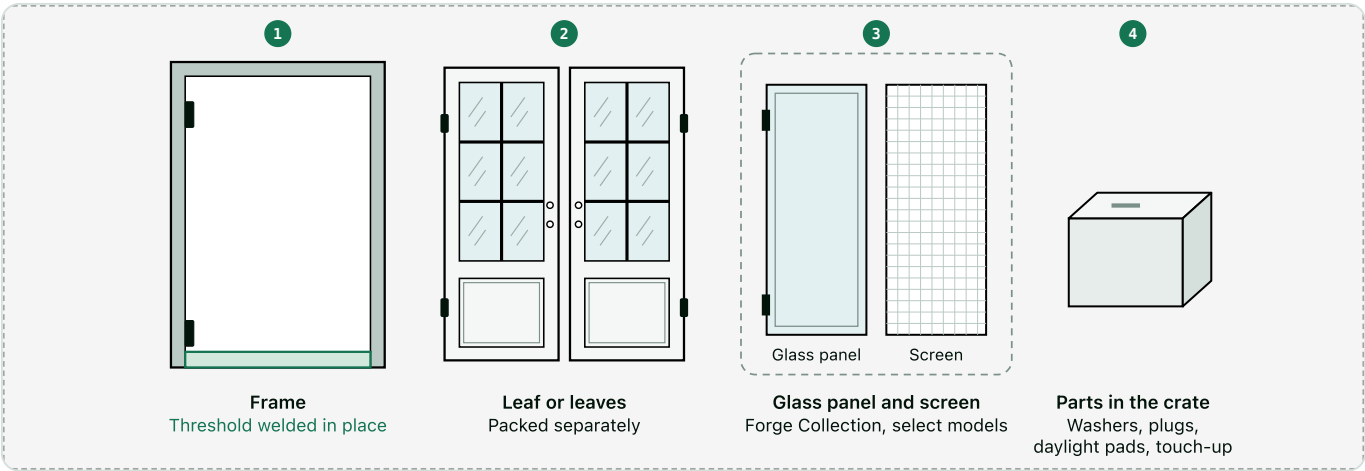
Forge Collection and Chateau Collection swing doors ship in separate packages.

#	Package	Contents
1	Frame	Welded iron (Forge Collection) or steel (Chateau Collection) frame with the threshold welded in place. On arched-top and transom units, the arch and transom are part of the frame.
2	Door leaf or leaves	One leaf for a single door, two for a double. The hinge cups are on the leaf; the spindles are on the frame. Flush bolts are factory-installed on the inactive leaf.
3	Operable glass panels and screens	Forge Collection select models only. One set per leaf.
4	Parts in the crate	Hinge bearing washers, plugs for the anchor holes, daylight pads, and touch-up paint. The weatherstrip is factory-installed.

Chateau Collection: no glass panels or screens ship with the door. The glass is fixed in the leaf.

Not included:

- Anchors. The installer chooses them for the wall type (section 6.1).
- Exterior hardware (handleset, lockset, deadbolt). Both Collections are prepped for a 2 3/4" backset and a double bore.
- Sill pan, flashing, sealant, foam, and shims.



Shipment contents. Exploded layout, numbered to match the table: frame with welded threshold, leaf or leaves, operable glass panel and screen (tagged "Forge Collection, select models"), accessory pack. Single and double versions side by side.

3 Receive and inspect

At delivery

1. Before you sign, inspect every package for crushed corners, punctures, broken crating, and water exposure. Note any damage on the delivery receipt.
2. Photograph the packaging and labels.
3. Report visible or concealed damage to your SourcePoint dealer within 24 hours of delivery, before installation begins.

Unpack

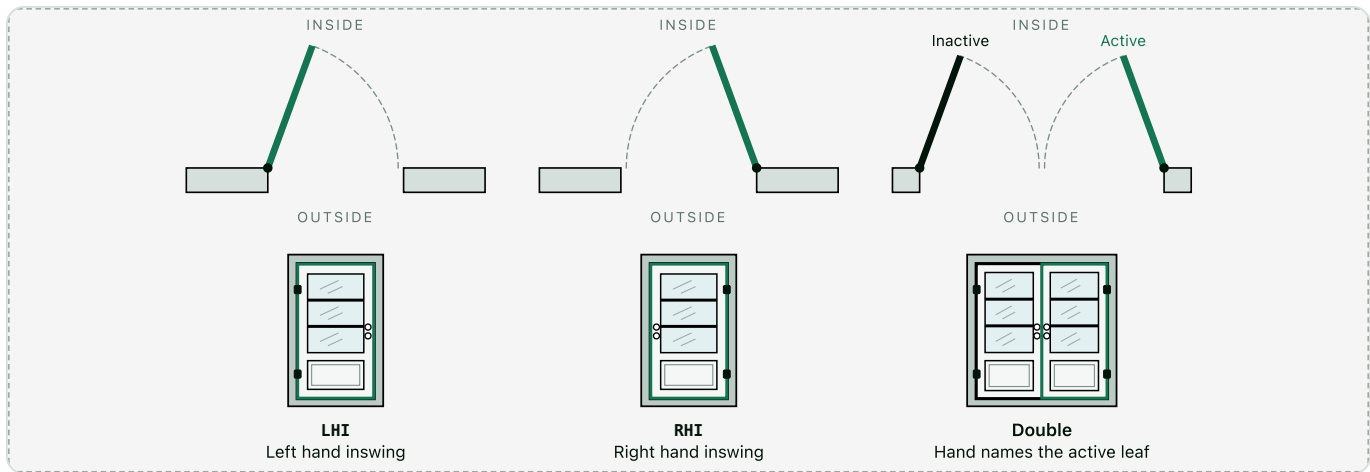
1. Remove the crate crossbeams and outer cardboard.
2. Cut foam and wrap along the sides only, lifting the wrap away from the door as you cut. Never draw a blade across the finish or glass.
3. Stand each leaf upright on padded blocks against a solid wall, secured so it cannot tip, or lay it flat on padded supports.
4. Keep glass panels upright and padded. Keep all parts dry and out of the work path until you need them.

Check the order

Compare every package to the order and confirm:

- **Item code.** The label matches the order (for example, SPFRG1264FL059080LHI for a Forge Collection door). Chateau Collection item codes start with SPCHT.
- **Size.** Nominal size and outside-of-frame size match the spec sheet.
- **Hand and swing, viewed from outside.** LHI: hinges on the left, door swings in. RHI: hinges on the right, door swings in. On double doors, the hand names the active leaf.
- **Glass.** Type matches the order, and tempered-glass marks are present.
- **Condition.** No bent iron or steel, cracked welds, finish damage, damaged hinges, or cracked glass. Arched and transom units: transom glass intact.

Do not install a unit with bent iron or steel, cracked glass, damaged hinges, or missing parts. Contact your SourcePoint dealer.



Handing, viewed from outside. Plan views (inside at the top, outside at the bottom) with matching exterior elevations: LHI single, RHI single, and a double door with the active leaf marked. Arrows show the inward swing. Label: "Viewed from outside."

4 Prepare the opening

4.1 Rough opening size

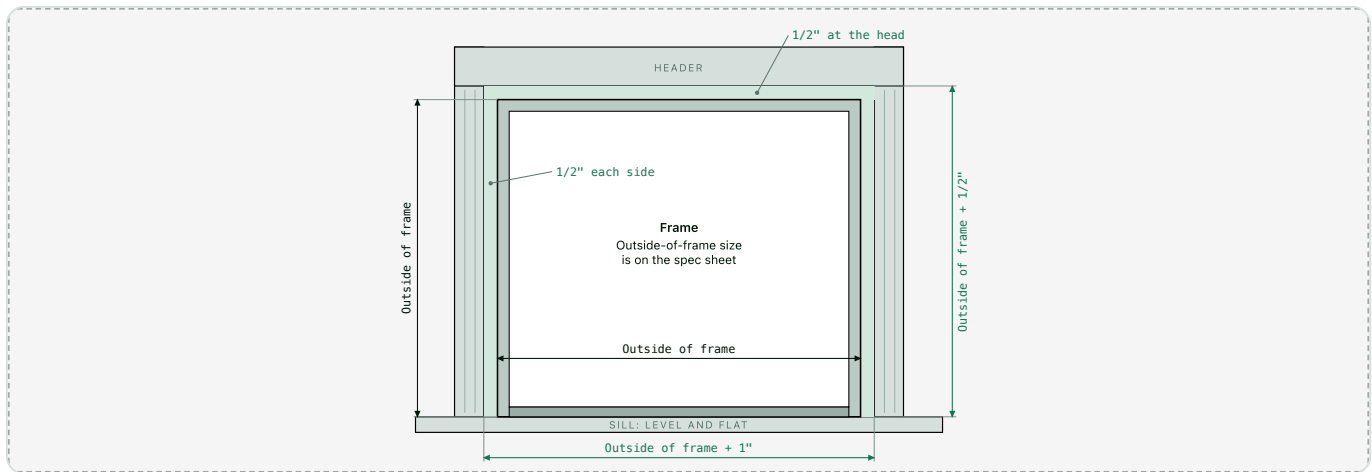
Size the rough opening from the outside-of-frame dimensions on the spec sheet:

- **Width:** outside-of-frame width + 1"
- **Height:** outside-of-frame height + 1/2"

Example: a 60" × 80" unit measures 60.5" × 81.5" outside of frame, so the rough opening is 61.5" × 82".

That leaves about 1/2" at each side and at the head for shimming, plumbing, and insulation.

Arched-top units: keep the header at least 1/2" above the tallest point of the arch, and frame the head to the arch shown on the spec sheet with solid backing at every head anchor. To build the arch, trace the frame onto a sheet of sheathing, cut out the arch, cut a duplicate, and set the two pieces apart with blocking to match the frame depth. That gives an arched rough opening that fits the unit exactly.

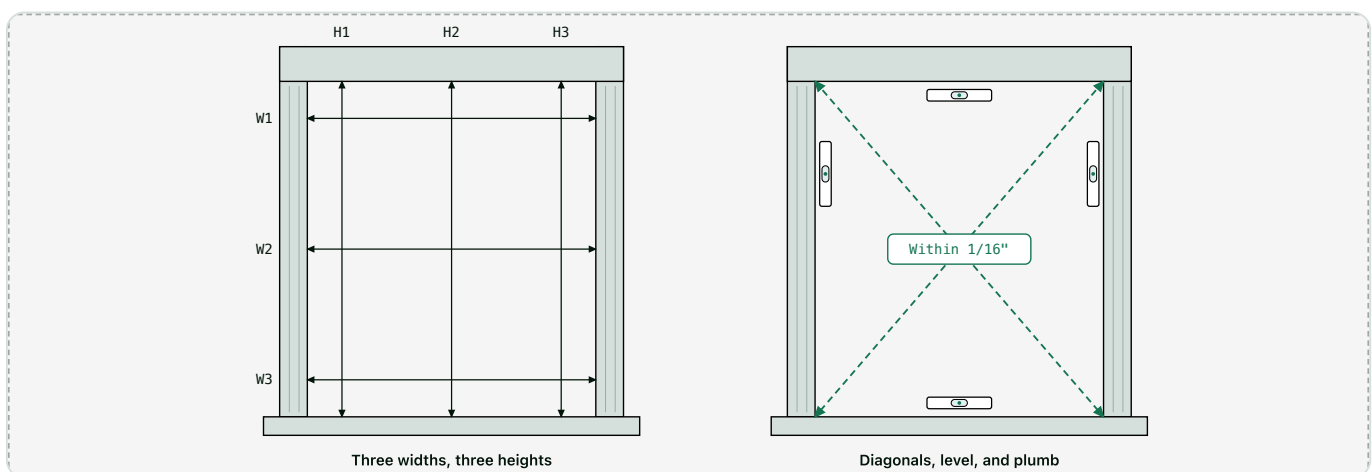


Rough opening size. Exterior elevation of the frame inside a framed opening. Callouts: "Outside of frame + 1"" across the width, "Outside of frame + 1/2"" on the height, a 1/2" gap at each side and at the head, threshold resting on the sill. Inset: arched-top unit in an arched opening.

4.2 Check the opening

1. Measure the width at the top, middle, and bottom.
2. Measure the height at both sides and in the center.
3. Measure both diagonals. They should match within 1/16".
4. Check that the header is level, each side is plumb in both directions, and the sill is level and flat end to end.
5. Check that the sides are straight, not bowed or twisted.

Correct an opening that is out of square, plumb, or level before you set the frame. Never use anchors to pull a frame into a bad opening. An iron or steel frame will not flex to fit, and a racked frame means binding leaves and a poor seal.



Checking the opening. Interior elevation of the framed opening: three width arrows, three height arrows, two diagonal arrows labeled "Diagonals within 1/16"", a level on the header and sill, plumb lines on each side.

4.3 Structure and backing

- The wall framing, masonry, or structural steel must carry the full weight of the unit and the design wind load.
- Every anchor needs solid structure behind it. Check the anchor locations in section 6.2 and add blocking where the framing does not land behind an anchor.
- Repair loose, wet, or damaged framing before you start.
- Where you can, set the door after the roof and other permanent loads are on the structure. An iron or steel frame does not flex to follow a header that settles later.

4.4 Sill and finished floor

- The threshold must sit on a level, flat subfloor and be supported along its full length.
- Both Collections swing in. Set the threshold height, 1" minimum, so the leaf and sweep clear the interior finished floor, transitions, and rugs.
- Never set the threshold below exterior grade, paving, or decking. Exterior surfaces should slope away from the door.

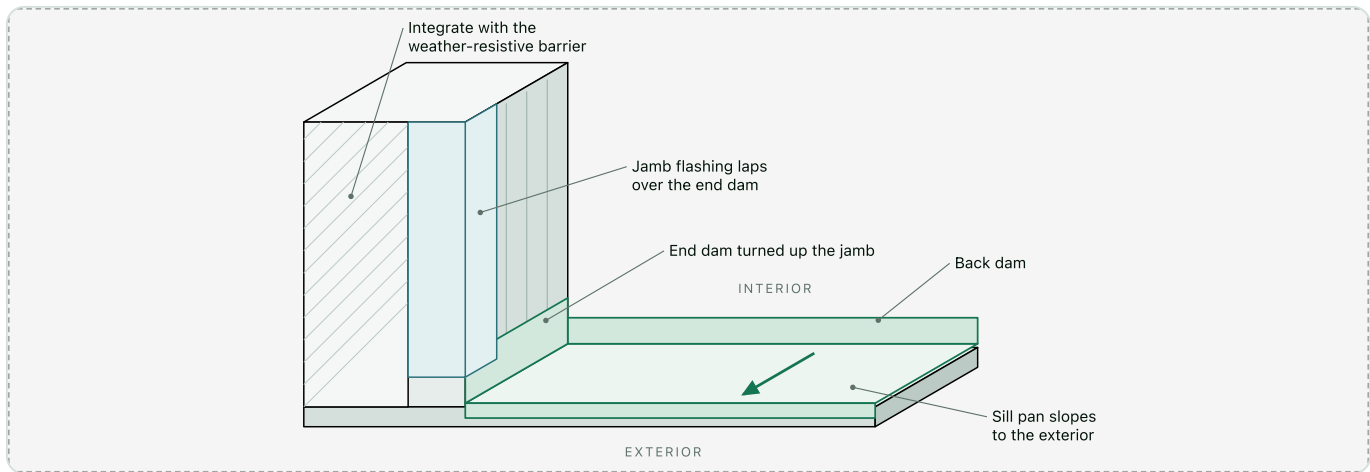
4.5 Replacement openings

- Through-jamb anchoring means the interior casing can usually stay. Score the paint and caulk around the casing with a knife, then remove the old unit toward the outside.
- Build the sill up to the interior floor height with PVC or other rot-proof material before you install the sill pan.
- Replace damaged exterior trim. PVC brick mold is a good choice.

4.6 Sill pan and flashing

1. Clean the sill and jambs.
2. Install a sill pan that slopes or drains to the exterior, with end dams and a back dam.
3. Flash both jambs, lapped over the turned-up ends of the pan, and integrate the flashing with the weather-resistive barrier. Upper layers lap over lower layers.
4. Seal every corner, lap, and penetration.
5. Head flashing goes on after the frame is set (section 13.2).

Sealant alone is not water management. The pan and flashing must carry any water that gets past the frame back to the outside.



Sill pan and flashing. Isometric of the bottom corner of the rough opening: sloped sill pan with end dam and back dam, jamb flashing lapped over the pan, weather-resistive barrier lapped over the flashing. Arrows show water draining out.

5 Set the frame

5.1 Before you lift

- Keep the leaves off the frame until the frame is anchored.
- Measure the frame's diagonals on the ground. If they differ by more than 1/16", contact your SourcePoint dealer before installing.
- Tape the finish where tools will touch the jambs.
- Recommended: dry-fit the frame in the opening without sealant to check the fit and wall position, then lift it back out.

5.2 Seal the sill

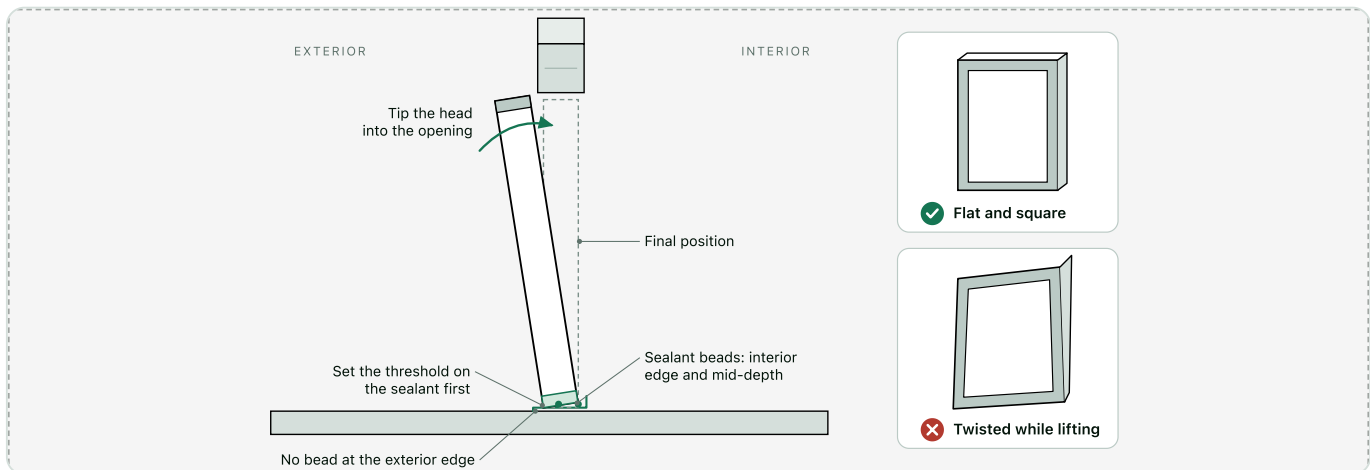
Run continuous beads of sealant across the sill pan where the threshold will sit: one along the interior edge of the threshold footprint, one at mid-depth, and up each end where the jambs land.

Do not run sealant along the exterior edge. The pan must be able to drain out.

5.3 Lift and set

1. With at least two installers (three for double doors), lift the frame upright. Keep it flat and avoid twisting the corners.
2. From the outside, set the threshold onto the sealant first, then tip the head into the opening. Do not drag the threshold across the pan.
3. Center the frame side to side.
4. Set the frame at the wall depth shown on the project drawings. With no drawing, set it so the interior edge of the frame finishes flush with the interior wall surface, allowing for drywall thickness, so the interior trim sits flush.

5. Press the threshold down into the sealant. It should bear fully on the pan with no debris beneath.
6. Hold the frame with temporary braces or a helper until the first anchors are in.



Setting the frame. Two installers tipping the frame into the opening from outside, threshold first. Inset with a check mark: frame flat and square. Inset with an X: frame twisted while lifting.

5.4 Shim

Place composite shims in opposing pairs between the jamb and the framing:

- At the top and bottom of each jamb
- Behind each hinge
- Behind the strike location (single doors)
- In the head, near each end and at the center of double doors
- Along the arch on arched-top units, every 6" to 8"
- At the transom bar on transom units
- Directly behind every anchor location (section 6.2)

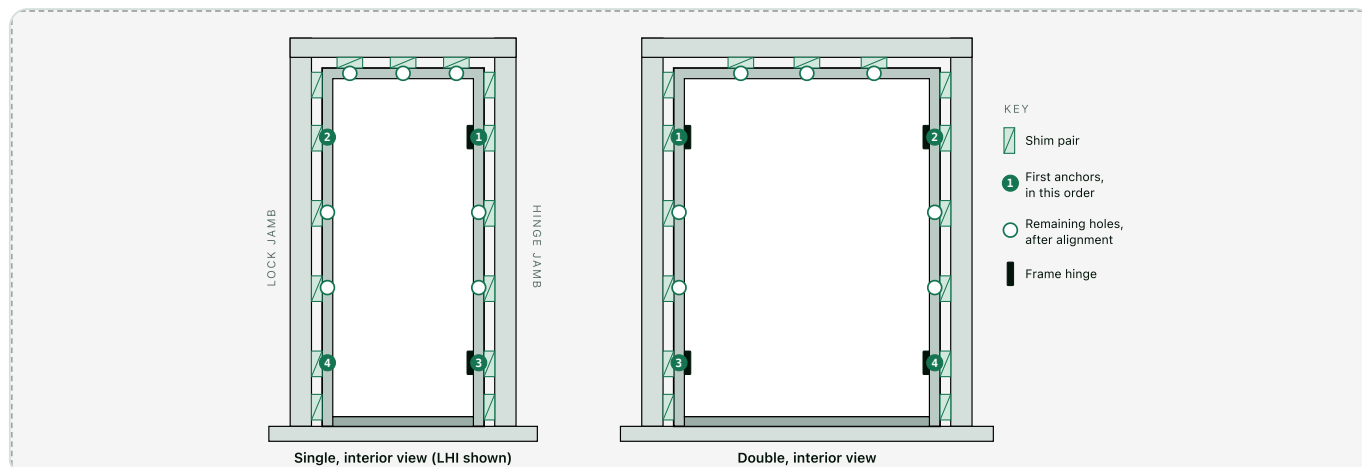
Shims should fill the gap without pushing the jamb out of line. If the threshold needs leveling, shim under it at close spacing so it is supported along its whole length with no sag.

5.5 Plumb, level, and square

Adjust the shims until:

- Each hinge jamb is plumb, face and side
- The lock jamb is plumb (single doors)
- The head and threshold are level
- The diagonals match within 1/16"
- The frame is in plane, not twisted: string lines run corner to corner should just touch where they cross

- No shim bows a jamb



Shim and anchor locations. Interior elevations of a single and a double 6/8 frame: a shim pair behind every factory hole, 4 holes per jamb 24" apart, head anchors (single: each end and the center; double: the unit center and the center of each leaf), first four anchors numbered in order. Inset: string-line twist check across the frame corners.

6 Anchor the frame through the jamb

Forge Collection and Chateau Collection frames have no mounting tabs. The jambs and head have mounting holes drilled at the factory. The frame is anchored through those holes, through a shim, and into the structure. The installer supplies the anchors.

6.1 Choose anchors

Use structural anchors rated for the wall.

Wall	Anchor
Wood framing	3" × 5/8" lag bolts with washers
Concrete or masonry	4" × 5/8" masonry bolts with washers
Steel framing	1" welds every 24"

Each anchor must pass through the jamb and shim space and reach full embedment in solid structure. Where code or project engineering calls for a specific anchor or spacing, follow it.

6.2 Anchor locations

- **Jambs:** an anchor through every factory hole. The holes are 24" apart: 4 per jamb on a 6/8 unit, 5 per jamb on an 8/0 unit.
- **Head, at least:** on single doors, one near each end and one in the center; on double doors, one at the center of the unit and one at the center of each leaf
- **Arched-top and transom units:** at least 3 anchors in the head or arch; 4 is better

Use only the factory holes. Never drill new holes through hinge reinforcement, the weatherstrip kerf, the threshold, glass stops, or a welded joint.

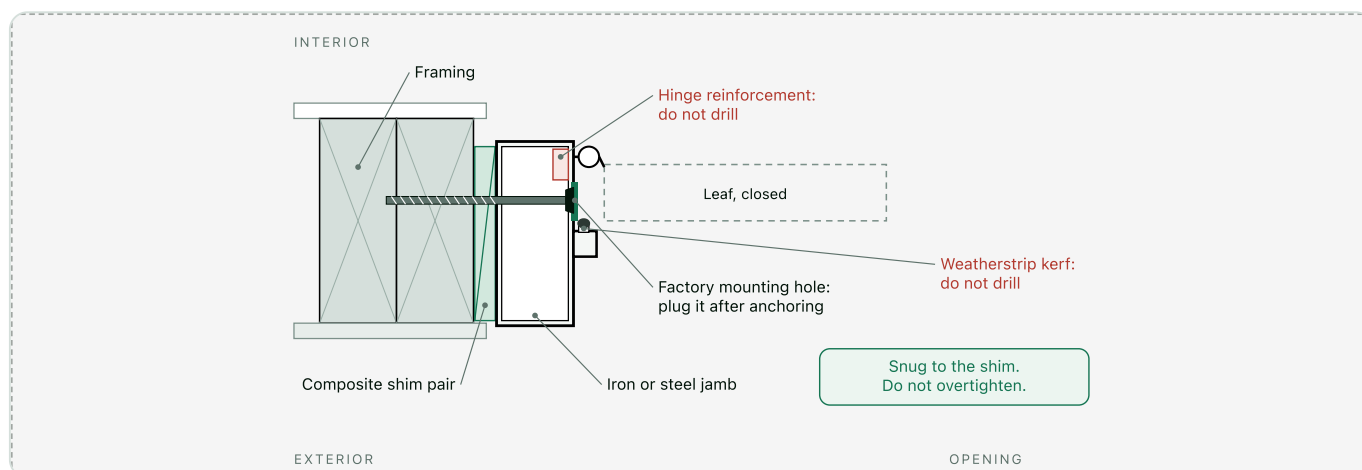
6.3 Prepare the holes

1. Center a shim pair behind each factory hole.
2. In wood or masonry, drill the pilot hole into the structure through the factory hole, sized for the anchor. In steel framing, weld the frame to the framing instead: 1" welds every 24".
3. Vacuum or pick up every chip and filing right away. Loose metal filings rust and stain the finish.

6.4 First anchors

1. Install the upper anchor on the hinge jamb (on a double door, on either jamb). Snug it to the shim.
2. Recheck plumb, level, and diagonals.
3. Install the upper anchor on the opposite jamb. Recheck.
4. Install the bottom anchor on each jamb. Recheck.
5. Leave the remaining anchors out until the leaves are hung and aligned (section 8).

Snug every anchor to its shim and no tighter. Overtightening bows the jamb, changes the reveals, and throws off the lock.



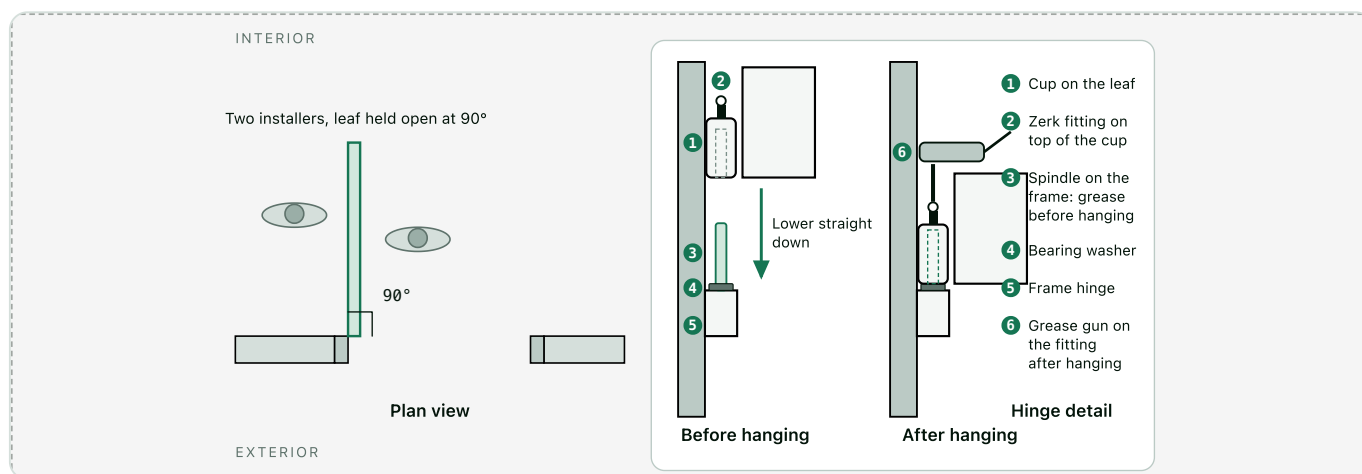
Through-jamb anchor. Horizontal section through the jamb at a hinge: iron or steel jamb profile, factory mounting hole, composite shim pair, anchor through the shim into the framing, plug in the hole. Hinge and weatherstrip kerf marked "Do not drill." Callout: "Snug to the shim. Do not overtighten."

7 Hang the leaves

Leaves ship separately. At each hinge, a spindle on the frame points up, and a cup on the leaf fits over it. The Zerk grease fitting is on top of the cup.

On double doors, hang the inactive leaf first.

1. Clean the spindles and cups of packing debris.
2. Slide a hinge bearing washer (in the crate) over each spindle so it rests on the frame hinge.
3. Coat each spindle with hinge grease before you hang the leaf.
4. With at least two installers, hold the leaf open at 90°. Line up every cup over its spindle and lower the leaf straight down until each hinge seats fully. Do not force a hinge or strike it with a tool.
5. Set padded wedges under the leaf to hold its height while you align it.
6. Grease each hinge through the Zerk fitting on top of the cup with a grease gun until fresh grease shows at the joint. Wipe off the excess.



Hanging a leaf. Two installers lowering a leaf, held at 90°, onto the frame hinges. Hinge detail, before and after: the cup on the leaf lowered straight down onto the spindle on the frame, then the grease gun on the fitting after hanging.

8 Align, then finish anchoring

8.1 Single door

Close the leaf slowly and check that:

- The reveal is even at the head, both jambs, and the threshold
- The leaf swings through its full arc without rubbing
- The leaf closes flush against the weatherstrip with full contact, not crushed
- The leaf stays where you leave it and does not drift open or closed

8.2 Double door

1. Close the inactive leaf. If the flush-bolt receivers are already drilled, engage the bolts. If not, hold the leaf closed.
2. Close the active leaf.

3. Check that the meeting stiles are parallel with an even gap from head to threshold, the leaves sit flush with each other at the top, center, and bottom, the astragal meets evenly, and the reveals are even at the head and jambs.
4. Open each leaf on its own and check that it clears the threshold, the astragal, and the other leaf.

8.3 Adjust

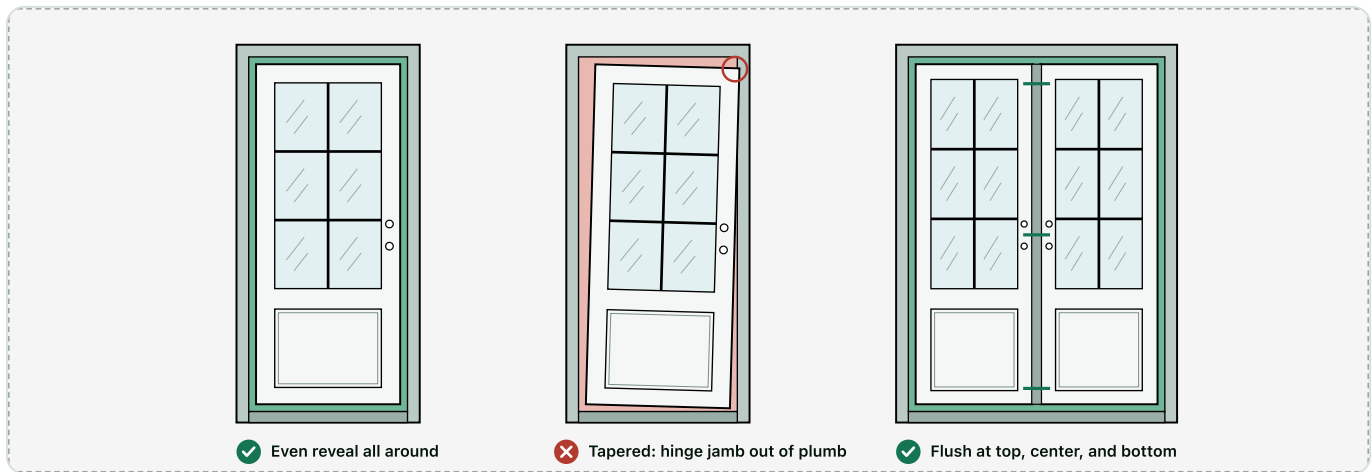
Correct alignment at the frame. Never force hardware to make up for a frame that is out of line.

What you see	Likely cause	Fix
Uneven reveal or the leaf rubs	Hinge jamb out of plumb	Loosen the nearest anchors, adjust the shims at the top and bottom hinge until the reveal is even, re-snug
Leaf drifts open or closed	Hinge jamb out of plumb in the wall depth	Re-plumb the hinge jamb side to side
Leaves not flush with each other, or weatherstrip open at one corner	Frame twisted	Recheck with string lines; move the top or bottom of one jamb in or out in the wall depth
Latch or deadbolt needs a push or lift to engage	Reveal uneven on the lock side	Fix the reveal first, then adjust the strike

If the frame will not come into line, remove all but the top anchors, adjust, and test again. Multiple adjustments are normal. Take the time to get it right.

8.4 Finish anchoring

1. Confirm every shim still bears on the structure.
2. Install the remaining anchors from top to bottom, alternating jambs.
3. After every two or three anchors, close the leaves and recheck the reveals and operation.
4. Snug each anchor to its shim and no tighter.
5. Press the supplied plugs into the anchor holes and touch up any scuffs (section 14).



Reveal check. Exterior elevations of a single and a double door with reveal arrows at the head, jambs, threshold, and meeting stiles. Callouts: "Even all around" and "Flush at top, center, and bottom."

9 Operable glass panels and screens (Forge Collection, select models)

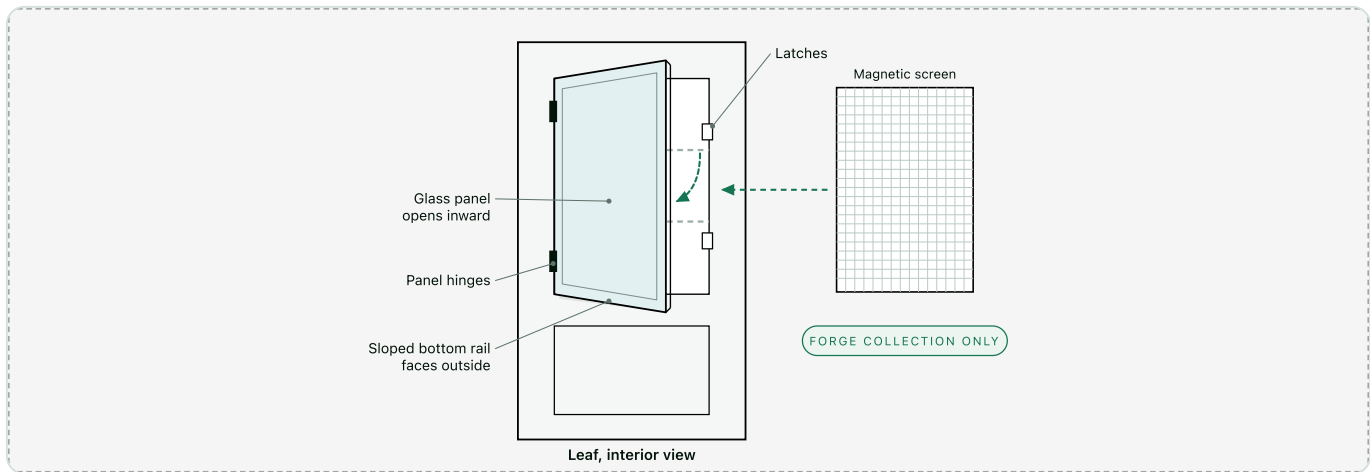
Chateau Collection: the glass is fixed on every Chateau Collection door. Skip this section.

Skip this section too if your Forge Collection door has fixed glass.

On select Forge Collection doors, the glass panel opens inward behind the ironwork for ventilation, and a screen fits each opening.

1. Orient each panel with its sloped bottom rail facing the outside.
2. With the leaf open and wedged, lower the panel's hinge posts onto the hinges on the leaf.
3. Close the panel and engage its latches.
4. Check that the panel closes evenly, its gasket contacts all the way around, and the latches engage without force.
5. Set the magnetic screen in place over the opening.

Handle glass panels with suction cups. Keep them upright and never set one down on a corner.

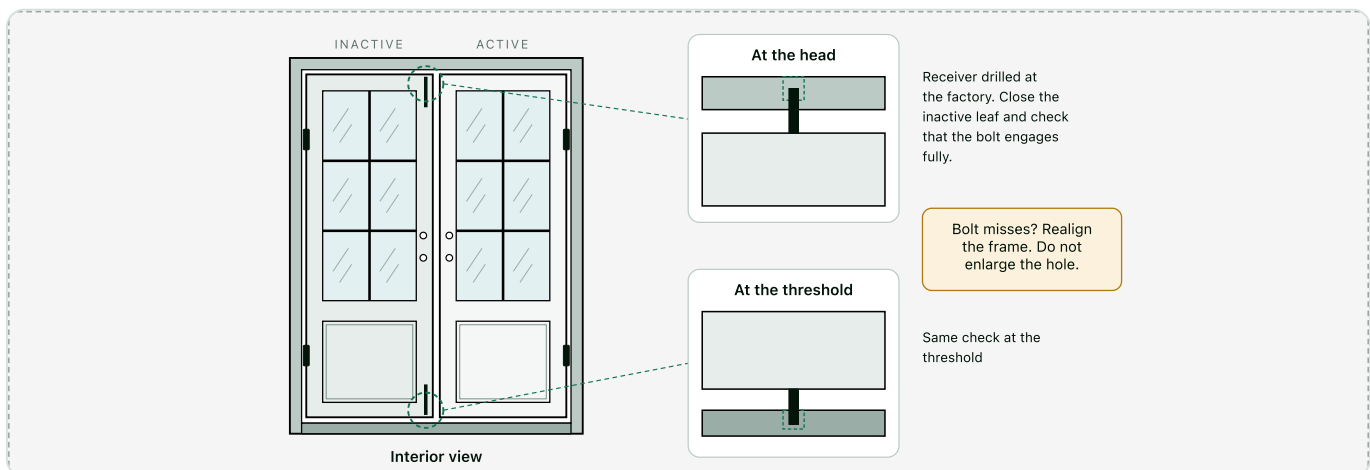


Operable glass panel and screen. Interior view of an open leaf with the glass panel lowered onto its hinges, sloped bottom rail facing outside; magnetic screen set over the opening. Latches called out. Tag: "Forge Collection, select models."

10 Flush bolts (double doors)

The inactive leaf locks with flush bolts into the head and the threshold. The bolts are installed and the receiver holes drilled at the factory.

1. Confirm the frame is plumb, level, and square and the leaves are aligned (section 8).
2. Close the inactive leaf and engage both flush bolts.
3. Check that both bolts engage fully without binding and the inactive leaf holds firm.
4. If a bolt misses its receiver, realign the frame (section 8.3). Do not enlarge the receiver. An oversized hole lets the leaves rattle.



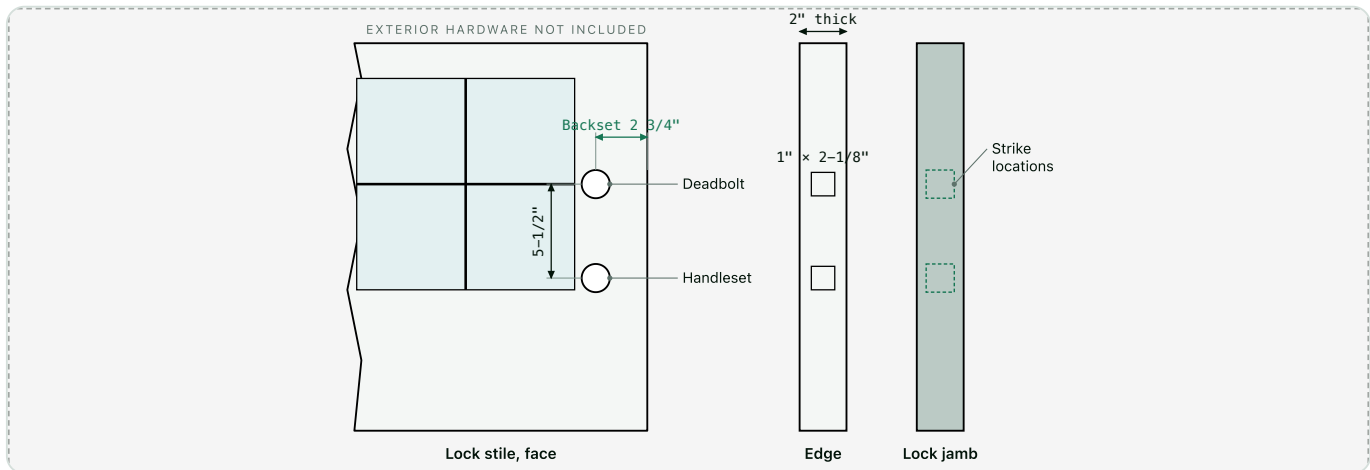
Flush bolt receivers. Elevation of a double door with the inactive leaf marked. Detail circles at the head and threshold: bolt engaged in its factory-drilled receiver. Callout: "If a bolt misses, realign the frame. Do not enlarge the hole."

11 Hardware

Exterior hardware is not included. Forge Collection and Chateau Collection exterior doors are prepped the same way:

- **Backset:** 2 3/4"
- **Bore:** double bore, one for the handleset or lockset and one for the deadbolt. 5-1/2" center to center.
- **Door thickness:** 2". Confirm the hardware fits a 2" door. Some hardware needs a thick-door kit.
- **Deadbolt edge prep:** 1" × 2-1/8"

1. Install the hardware following its maker's instructions and templates.
2. Clean any filler or paint out of the prep holes first.
3. Iron and steel strip soft brass screws. Pre-tap the strike screw holes or use steel screws.
4. Check that the latch and deadbolt engage without lifting, pushing, or pulling the leaf. Adjust the strike as needed.
5. Some closing resistance is normal at first while new weatherstrip compresses. It eases with use. Resistance that does not ease points to alignment (section 8.3).

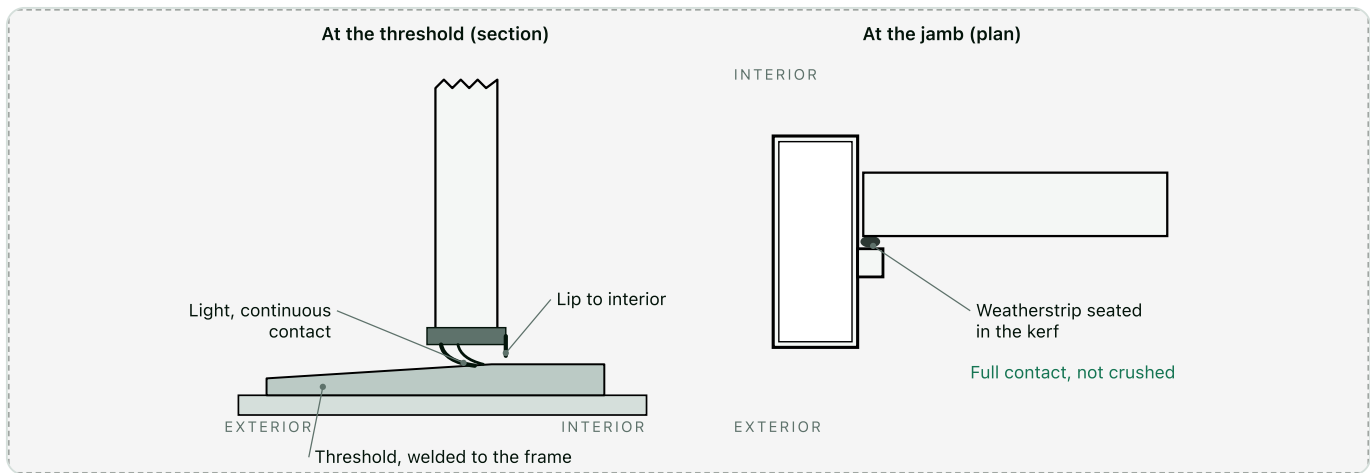


Hardware prep. Edge and face views of the lock stile: 2 3/4" backset, double bore 5-1/2" center to center, 2" door thickness, 1" × 2-1/8" deadbolt prep on the edge, strike locations on the frame.

12 Weatherstrip and sweep

1. **Weatherstrip.** The weatherstrip is factory-installed. Check that it runs continuously in the frame kerf, fully seated, with closed corners. If a piece comes loose, press it back in without stretching it. Stretched weatherstrip shrinks and opens gaps.
2. **Sweep.** The sweep is factory-installed and replaceable. Its lip faces the interior.
3. **Daylight pads (double doors).** Install the daylight pads from the crate on the bottom and top edges of the inactive leaf.

4. **Check.** The sweep makes light, continuous contact with the threshold and the leaf closes without dragging. From inside, with light outside, look for daylight around the closed leaf.



Weatherstrip and sweep. Section through the leaf bottom and threshold showing sweep contact. Section through the jamb showing weatherstrip in the kerf against the closed leaf.

13 Insulate and seal

13.1 Insulate

- Fill the gap between the frame and the framing at the head and jambs with low-expansion window and door foam.
- Fill partway and let it expand. Do not overfill.
- Open and close the leaves afterward. Overexpanded foam can bow a jamb.
- Keep foam out from under the threshold and out of drainage paths.

13.2 Head flashing

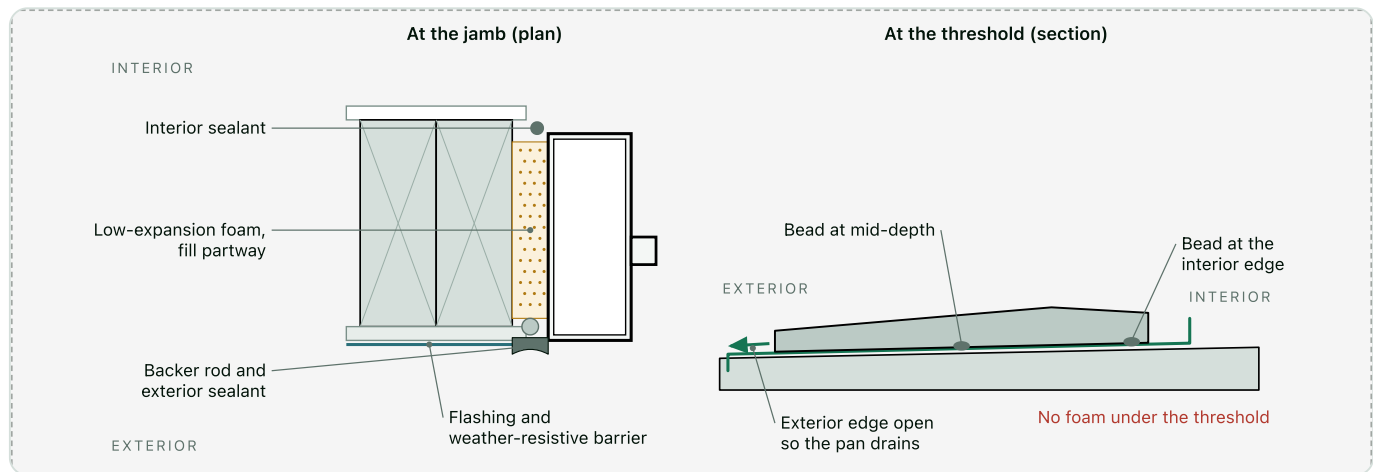
Install head flashing over the frame head, lapped over the jamb flashing, with the weather-resistive barrier lapped over the head flashing. Follow the local building code for the head detail.

13.3 Exterior seal

1. Tape off the finish.
2. Install backer rod where needed to control sealant depth.
3. Run a continuous bead of sealant at the head and both jambs where the frame meets the wall or trim.
4. Seal the threshold ends where they meet the jambs and wall.
5. Leave the exterior edge of the threshold and any weep openings unsealed.

13.4 Interior seal and trim

- Seal the interior perimeter at the head and jambs for air sealing.
- Install interior casing and exterior trim, brick mold, or stucco returns per the project details.



Perimeter seal. Sections at the head and jamb: foam in the gap, backer rod and sealant at the exterior joint, head flashing lapped under the weather-resistive barrier, interior sealant. Threshold section: sealant beads on the pan at the interior edge and mid-depth, exterior edge open with a drainage arrow.

14 Finish and clean up

- Touch up scuffs with the touch-up paint from the crate (see the table in Read this first). Apply it sparingly.
- Remove protective film and labels. Leave tempered-glass marks and any labels required by code. Do not leave film on in direct sun.
- Clean the frame and leaves with mild soap, water, and a soft cloth. Use glass cleaner on the glass only.
- Never use abrasive pads, wire brushes, solvents, acids, or strong alkaline cleaners on the finish, glass, or hardware.
- Remove sealant smears right away.
- Clear debris from the threshold and drainage paths.
- Protect the unit from later construction work.

15 Final check

- ☐ Correct item code, hand, glass, and hardware installed
- ☐ Rough opening and frame position match the project drawings
- ☐ Sill pan and flashing complete and integrated with the wall
- ☐ Threshold level, fully supported, and draining to the exterior

- ☐ Frame plumb, level, square, straight, and anchored through the jamb
- ☐ Solid shim behind every anchor; no anchor through a hinge, kerf, glass stop, weld, or the threshold
- ☐ Anchor holes plugged; scuffs touched up
- ☐ Leaves swing freely with even reveals; double-door leaves flush at top, center, and bottom
- ☐ Hinges greased through their fittings
- ☐ Flush bolts, latch, and deadbolt engage without force
- ☐ Operable glass panels and screens secure and latching (Forge Collection select models)
- ☐ Weatherstrip continuous; sweep in light contact with the threshold
- ☐ Perimeter insulated and sealed; exterior threshold edge and weeps left open
- ☐ No cracked glass, finish damage, bare metal, or loose hardware
- ☐ Unit cleaned and protected; installation photos kept with the job record

16 Care

- Grease each hinge through its Zerk fitting every 6 months.
- Keep the threshold and drainage paths clear.
- Inspect the perimeter sealant once a year.
- Full care instructions: the Forge Collection care and finish guide or the Chateau Collection care and finish guide.

17 Support and warranty

For installation questions, parts, or touch-up, contact your SourcePoint dealer.

Warranty: the Forge Collection warranty or the Chateau Collection warranty. Warranty claims go through your selling dealer.

Installation record

Item	Entry
Item code	
Hand (viewed from outside)	
Rough opening (W × H)	
Wall type	
Anchor type, size, and quantity	
Shim type	
Sealant and foam used	
Installed by	
Date	
Photos kept (Y/N)	
Notes	